**Problem 1:** A beam of variable cross-section is stretched by its own weight and compressed by a force P applied at the end of the beam as shown in Figure 1. Determine the magnitude of the force at which the displacement of the section A-A will be zero. The material density is  $\rho$ , modulus of elasticity is E, and the cross-sectional area is F(z).

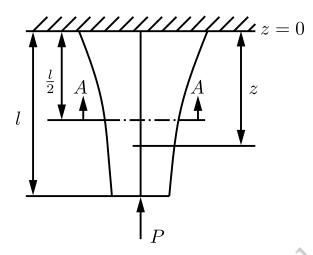


Figure 1: A beam of variable cross-section.

**Solution:** Let us determine the magnitude of the normal force N(z) in an arbitrary section z.

$$N(z) = \int_{z}^{l} p(z) dz - P. \tag{1}$$

Since

$$p(z) = \rho F(z) \tag{2}$$

then

$$N(z) = \rho \int_{z}^{l} F(z) dz - P.$$
(3)

and

$$N(z) = \rho \int_{z}^{l} F(z) dz - P.$$

$$\sigma(z) = \frac{N(z)}{F(z)} = \frac{\rho}{F(z)} \int_{z}^{l} F(z_{1}) dz_{1} - \frac{P}{F(z)}.$$
(3)

We know that the displacement w(z) of an arbitrary section z is equal to

$$w(z) = \int_0^z \varepsilon(z_1) \ dz_1 = \frac{1}{E} \int_0^z \sigma(z_1) \ dz_1 = \frac{1}{E} \int_0^z \frac{\rho \int_z^l F(z_1) \ dz_1 - P}{F(z_1)} \ dz_1$$
 (5)

or

$$w(z) = \frac{1}{E} \int_0^z \frac{\rho \int_z^l F(z_1) dz_1}{F(z_1)} dz - \frac{P}{E} \int_0^z \frac{dz_1}{F(z_1)}$$
 (6)

Now we can find force P at which the displacement of the section A-A with the coordinate  $z^*$  is zero.

$$w(z^*) = \frac{1}{E} \int_0^{z^*} \frac{\rho \int_z^l F(z_1) \, dz_1}{F(z_1)} \, dz - \frac{P}{E} \int_0^{z^*} \frac{dz_1}{F(z_1)} = 0$$
 (7)

$$\frac{1}{E} \int_0^{z^*} \frac{\rho \int_z^l F(z_1) \, dz_1}{F(z_1)} = \frac{P}{E} \int_0^{z^*} \frac{dz_1}{F(z_1)}$$
 (8)

$$P = \rho \frac{\int_0^{z^*} \frac{\int_z^l F(z_1) dz_1}{F(z_1)} dz}{\int_0^{z^*} \frac{dz_1}{F(z_1)}}$$
(9)

If the beam has a constant cross section, that is, F(z) = F, then at  $z^* = \frac{l}{2}$ , we have

$$P = \rho F \frac{\int_0^{z^*} \left[ \int_z^l 1 \, dz_1 \right] \, dz}{\int_0^{z^*} 1 \, dz_1} \Rightarrow$$

$$P = \rho F \frac{\int_0^{z^*} (l-z) \, dz}{\int_0^{z^*} 1 \, dz_1} = \rho F \frac{\left[ lz^* - \frac{(z^*)^2}{2} \right]}{z^*} = \rho F \left[ l - \frac{z^*}{2} \right] \Rightarrow$$

$$P = \frac{3}{4} \rho F l$$

$$(10)$$

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